

## StopLine Common Specifications

Property		Value	Comment
Laser Line Blocking:	"E" & "U" grade	> 6 OD	At the design laser wavelength; OD = $-\log_{10}$ (transmission)
	"S" grade	> 4 OD	
Typical 50% Notch Bandwidth	"E" & "U" grade	$NBW = 55 \times 10^{-5} \times \lambda_L^2 + 14 \times 10^{-3} \times \lambda_L - 5.9$ e.g. 17 nm (600 cm <sup>-1</sup> ) for 532.0 nm filter	Full width at 50% transmission; $\lambda_L$ is design laser wavelength (NBW and $\lambda_L$ in nm)
	"S" grade	$NBW = 10 \times 10^{-5} \times \lambda_L^2 - 29 \times 10^{-3} \times \lambda_L + 7.2$ e.g. 20 nm (700 cm <sup>-1</sup> ) for 532.0 nm filter	
Maximum 50% Notch Bandwidth		< $1.1 \times NBW$	
90% Notch Bandwidth		< $1.3 \times NBW$ <sup>[1]</sup>	Full width at 90% transmission
Passband	"E" grade	350 – 1600 nm	Excluding notch $\lambda_L$ is design laser wavelength (nm)
	"U" & "S" grade	from $0.75 \times \lambda_L$ to $\lambda_L / 0.75$ <sup>[1]</sup>	
Average Passband Transmission	"E" grade	> 80% 350 – 400 nm, 93% 400 – 1600 nm	Lowest wavelength is 330 nm for NF03-405E Excluding notch
	"U" & "S" grade	> 90%	
Passband Transmission Ripple		< 2.5%	Calculated as standard deviation
Angle of Incidence		0.0° ± 5.0°	
Angle Tuning Range <sup>[2]</sup>		– 1% of laser wavelength (– 5.3 nm or + 190 cm <sup>-1</sup> for 532 nm filter)	Wavelength "blue-shift" attained by increasing angle from 0° to 14°
Laser Damage Threshold		1 J/cm <sup>2</sup> @ 532 nm (10 ns pulse width)	Tested for 532 nm filter only
Coating Type		"Hard" ion-beam-sputtered	
Clear Aperture		≥ 22 mm	For all optical specifications
Outer Diameter		25.0 + 0.0 / – 0.1 mm	Black-anodized aluminum ring
Overall Thickness		3.5 ± 0.1 mm	

All other General Specifications are the same as the RazorEdge® specifications

<sup>[1]</sup> For NF02-405 filter, 90% bandwidth is <  $1.3 \times$  Maximum 50% Bandwidth, and Passband short wavelength is 330 nm.

<sup>[2]</sup> For small angles  $\theta$  (in degrees), the wavelength shift near the laser wavelength is  $\Delta\lambda$  (nm) =  $-5.0 \times 10^{-5} \times \lambda_L \times \theta^2$  and the wavenumber shift is  $\Delta$ (wavenumbers) (cm<sup>-1</sup>) =  $500 \times \theta^2 / \lambda_L$ , where  $\lambda_L$  (in nm) is the laser wavelength.